

# NATIONAL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

# **2023 LEGISLATION DOCKET**

**NATIONAL SPEECH & DEBATE TOURNAMENT** 

PHOENIX/MESA • ARIZONA

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# 2023 HIGH SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

# PRELIMINARY ROUND LEGISLATION FOR ALL DEBATE



# A Bill to Abolish Standardized Testing Requirements to Foster Student Growth

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall hereby ban all requirements of standardized testing in the Every
3		Student Succeeds Act (ESSA). Funding distributions based on standardized testing scores
4		shall be banned and shall be replaced by attendance-based funding distributions.
5	SECTION 2.	"Standardized Testing" shall be defined as an academic examination that is similar in
6		admittance and examination across locations. Examples include STAAR, CAASPP, and the
7		NYSTP.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation.
9		A. The Department of Education shall disperse federal funding to state education agencies
10		correlating to each state's relative student attendance from the previous year.
11		B. All public schools shall lose thirty percent of their federal funding while in
12		noncompliance with this legislation.
13		C. The Department of Education shall review all public schools in noncompliance and will
14		be given the option to retroactively provide funding for public schools if they are both
15		(1) in critical need of funding and (2) have returned to compliance within 180 days of
16		violation.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
18		hereby declared null and void.



## A Bill to Address the Climate Crisis

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Congress will provide funding and technical assistance for communities
3		to prepare for and adapt to the impacts of climate change, such as sea level rise, increased
4		frequency of natural disasters, and changing precipitation patterns.
5	SECTION 2.	Furthermore, the United States will provide funding for international climate cooperation
6		and participation in international climate agreements, such as the Paris Agreement.
7	SECTION 3.	The United States will promote energy efficiency through tax credits, rebates, and building
8		codes that require more efficient use of energy. The United States government will provide
9		incentives for the deployment of renewable energy sources, such as solar, wind, and
10		hydropower, as well as energy storage and transmission technologies.
11		A. The United States government will provide tax cuts for corporations that go solar
12		and/or use renewable energy sources (15%-25% max).
13		<b>B.</b> The tax cut will be decided after an inspection by the EPA. It will be based on how hard
14		the company is trying to protect the climate.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will be overseen by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the
16		Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
17	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
18		declared null and void.



# A Bill to Allow People Convicted of a Felony to Vote

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Any person convicted of a felony, whether released or imprisoned, will now be granted the
3		opportunity to vote. For persons imprisoned, an absentee ballot will be provided, and
4		voting jurisdiction will be determined by the location of the detention facility.
5	SECTION 2.	A. Convicted felons shall be defined as any person who has been found guilty of a felony
6		criminal offense.
7		A. An imprisoned person shall be defined as anyone confined in a prison or jail as
8		punishment for a crime.
9	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission (FEC) will oversee this legislation's implementation in
10		conjunction with other agencies.
11		<b>A.</b> In addition to the FEC, each state's Secretary of State will ensure that convicted felons
12		are able to register to vote and vote if they choose.
13		<b>B.</b> Additionally, the Secretary of State's Office will be responsible for the delivery of voter
14		registration paperwork and absentee ballots to felons currently imprisoned.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
16		are hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Eliminate Zoning Policies for Fair Housing

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All single-family zoning laws are hereby illegal. All municipalities must approve requests to
3		add an additional housing unit to any plot of land currently containing only one.
4		Municipalities are strongly encouraged to allow more than two units on single plots as well
5	SECTION 2.	Single-family zoning is a form of exclusionary zoning that prohibits any other residential
6		housing except for detached, single-family homes.
7	SECTION 3.	This legislation shall be overseen by the Department of Housing and Urban Development
8		(HUD).
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on November 1, 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation
10		are hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Expand Career and Technical Education in Secondary Schools

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Congress increases the funding for the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act
3		of 2006 from \$1.3 billion a year to \$1.5 billion per year.
4	SECTION 2.	The increase of \$200 million will not be distributed to specific states, but instead be held in
5		a fund and allocated as grant money to secondary schools serving under-resourced
6		communities.
7	SECTION 3.	Under-resourced communities are defined as large, heavily populated urban or suburban
8		areas with high poverty rates and low incomes.
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will be overseen by the Department of Education
10	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
11		are hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Fund Hypersonic Weapon Development to Enhance the Military's Global Strike Capability

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Department of Defense will be allocated \$30 billion per year until fiscal
3		year 2053 to develop, construct, and maintain hypersonic weapons.
4	SECTION 2.	"Hypersonic weapons" are defined as self-guided cruise missiles and gliders capable of
5		speeds greater than Mach 5, that can be launched by ships, aircraft, or ground installations
6	SECTION 3.	The Department of Defense will be responsible for the implementation of this bill. The
7		Department of Defense budget will be increased by \$30 billion, or \$1 million per year until
8		FY 2053 to facilitate the funding of this bill.
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect in FY 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
10		declared null and void.



# A Bill to Implement Campaign Financing Reform to Ensure Equity in Elections

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Department of the Treasury shall create a fund dedicated to the support
3		of financially-eligible challenger candidates for the United States House of Representatives.
4		Candidates will submit requests for funding to be reviewed and approved by a panel of
5		non-partisan committee members, which will be formed from the Federal Election
6		Commission in order to fairly distribute funds.
7	SECTION 2.	The following definitions apply:
8		Financially-eligible challenger candidates will be defined as candidates for the House of
9		Representatives who file with the Federal Election Commission within the designated time
10		period. Candidates must not have previously held office in the House of Representatives
11		and must have collected less than \$15,000 in campaign donations.
12	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of the Treasury shall be responsible for the implementation of this
13		legislation. The Treasury will appoint and oversee members of the aforementioned non-
14		partisan panel.
15		The Treasury will collect a 10% tax on all campaign donations to House of Representatives
16		candidates totaling over \$500,000 in order to finance the fund.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
18		hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Invest in Kenya to Extract Rare Earth Elements

1	BE IT ENACT	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	A.	The United States shall grant Kenya annual economic aid of \$1 billion, in exchange for	
3			benefits for U.S. companies and partnerships in the rare earth element industry with	
4			local Kenyan miners.	
5		A.	This will reinforce the U.S. national security mission to diversify its rare earth elements	
6			supply chains while developing the Kenyan economy.	
7	SECTION 2.	A.	The economic aid shall be used to subsidize local Kenyan businesses as part of bottom-	
8			up economic stabilization programs. Additionally, some portion of the aid will be	
9			directed toward infrastructure improvement and construction of facilities.	
10		В.	In return, U.S. companies shall receive priority access to partnership opportunities with	
11			local miners, in that U.Soffered contracts shall take precedence over business	
12			opportunities from other foreign countries.	
13		C.	U.S. companies shall receive full approval from the Kenyan government to build	
14			infrastructure for mining and processing facilities on local land.	
15	SECTION 3.	The	e U.S. Department of Defense and the U.S. Agency for International Development will	
16		wo	rk in conjunction to implement this legislation.	
17	SECTION 4.	Thi	is legislation will take effect on FY 2024.	
18	SECTION 5.	ΑII	laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	



# A Bill to Make Juvenile Detention and Correction Centers More Effective to the Physiological Needs of Youth

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	Juvenile detention and correction centers across the nation will make substantial changes	
3		to their systems so that they further incorporate the latest data on the neurological and	
4		psychological development of children and youth.	
5	SECTION 2.	Centers will give individuals in the system the rehabilitation resources they need, including	
6		therapy programs, education tools, and social interaction.	
7		A. Therapy programs will include staffing one full-time licensed mental health	
8		professional per 100 youth to oversee counseling.	
9		<b>B.</b> Education tools are defined as the resources necessary to meet the same education	
10		standards as the public education in that state, including special education programs,	
11		with the goal of helping youth reenter their graduating year.	
12		C. Juvenile detention centers may not hold youth in solitary confinement.	
13	SECTION 3.	These changes will be overseen by the Special Litigation Section with direction from the	
14		Federal Bureau of Prisons, and enforcement from the IRS.	
15		<b>A.</b> Funding from this legislation will come from a 4.5% Value Added Tax (VAT).	
16	SECTION 4.	Implementation of this legislation will begin immediately after passage.	
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	



# A Bill to Open American Immigration

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States of America hereby adopts an open-door policy to all non-violent
3		immigrants.
4	SECTION 2.	Open door policy is defined as a no-limit policy on people seeking access to live and work in
5		the United States. Non-violent immigrants are any persons seeking to immigrate to the U.S. $ \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}}$
6		without intentions of criminal activity.
7	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security in coordination with the U.S. Citizenship and
8		Immigration Services and the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement will be
9		responsible for the enforcement of this bill.
10		A. All current persons living in the U.S. without documentation are required to obtain
11		formal documentation to continue live in the U.S.
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect immediately. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
13		hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Prevent Employers from Accessing Digital Footprint

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Employers will be prohibited from checking applicant and employee digital footprints.
3	SECTION 2.	Digital footprint shall be defined as the information about a particular person that exists on
4		the internet as a result of their online activity (social media profiles, personal emails, etc.).
5		Employer shall be defined as an individual or an organization in the government, private,
6		nonprofit, or business sector that hires and pays people for their work.
7		<b>B.</b> Background Checks (defined as a process a person or company uses to verify that an
8		individual is who they claim to be, to check and confirm the validity of someone's
9		criminal record, education, and employment history) are not included in the
10		jurisdiction of this legislation.
11	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Labor will oversee the enforcement and implementation
12		of this legislation.
13		<b>A.</b> Any employer found to be in violation of this legislation will be fined \$5,000 for the first
14		violation, \$10,000 for the second, and \$10,000 on top of the previous fine for each
15		violation after.
16		<b>B.</b> Any employer found in violation more than five times will be tried in a municipal court.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
18		are hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Resize the House of Representatives for True Proportional Representation

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The number of Representatives in the House of Representatives shall now be proportional
3		to the population of the United States.
4	SECTION 2.	"Proportional" shall mean corresponding in size—i.e., increasing with the increases of the
5		population and vice versa.
6	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Census Bureau shall be responsible for the enforcement of this bill.
7		<b>A.</b> The state with the smallest population shall receive one Representative in the House of
8		Representatives.
9		<b>B.</b> Every other state shall receive a number of Representatives equal to their population
10		divided by the smallest state's population, rounded through conventional rounding
11		methods.
12		C. Within a state with multiple Representatives, Representatives shall be apportioned
13		through the same methods previously conducted.
14		<b>D.</b> This process shall be done every ten years, coinciding with the taking of the census.
15		<b>E.</b> All processes must be completed following the current apportionment deadlines.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2030. All laws in conflict with this legislation
17		are hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Universalize Mental Health Care in the United States

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall make mental health care services free to all citizens.
3	SECTION 2.	Mental health care services shall be defined as services from a licensed mental health care
4		provider in psychological assessment and intervention, such as, but not limited to,
5		therapeutic evaluation, counseling, and medication support.
6	SECTION 3.	The Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services within the Department of Human Health and
7		Services will be expanded to oversee the implementation of this bill.
8		<b>A.</b> A Mental Health Commission will be created to determine covered services.
9		B. This legislation shall be funded by a 5% income tax increase on those with a household
10		income of 500,000 USD or more annually.
11	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect in the fiscal year 2024. All laws in conflict with this
12		legislation are hereby declared null and void.



# A Resolution to Remove Turkey From NATO

1	WHEREAS,	The Republic of Turkey has abandoned the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's (NATO)
2		humanitarian values for its personal objectives; and
3	WHEREAS,	Turkey is increasing its cooperative relations with Russia; and
4	WHEREAS,	Turkey has proven resistant when called to intervene in defense of NATO's common
5		interests; however, it has not hesitated to pursue its own objectives even when these
6		interests go against NATO's mission; and
7	WHEREAS,	Turkey no longer shares the same political values as NATO, and abuses its influence in
8		NATO for personal gain; and
9	WHEREAS,	The security and efficacy of NATO has deteriorated due to Turkey's Actions; now, therefore
10		be it
11	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled recommend that the Republic of Turkey be removed
12		from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization



#### A Resolution to Restore Peace in Yemen

1	WHEREAS,	The people of Yemen are the victims of a devastating military, humanitarian and political
2		crisis; and
3	WHEREAS,	The driving forces behind instability and danger in Yemen is constant conflict and a lack of
4		basic resources necessary to sustain life; and
5	WHEREAS,	Saudi Arabian warships blockade shipments of food, water, and medicine to Yemeni
6		civilians; and
7	WHEREAS,	The United States is responsible for supporting Saudi Arabia and its catastrophic
8		intervention in internal Yemeni civil conflicts; and
9	WHEREAS,	The support of the United States has been instrumental in Saudi Arabia's military
10		operations in and around Yemen, training and assisting different branches of the Saudi
11		Arabian armed forces; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States stop all military aid and auxiliary
13		support to Saudi Arabia; and, be it
14	FURTHER RI	<b>ESOLVED,</b> That the United States Armed Forces stop all military operations in Saudi Arabia,
15		excluding targeted and judicious counterterrorism operations approved by the U.S. Senate
16		Committee on Armed Services.





# 2023 HIGH SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

# HOUSE QUARTERFINAL / SENATE SEMIFINAL ROUND LEGISLATION



# A Bill to Ban Social Media Advertisements Targeted at Users 16 and Under

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All social media platforms are hereby prohibited from directing advertisements to users
3		under the age of 16 years.
4	SECTION 2.	Social media platforms are required to establish default safety tools to protect adolescent
5		users on such platforms and provide guardians with greater autonomy regarding social
6		media use by adolescents.
7		A.  Guardians shall have the right to remove their children from content algorithms that
8		direct false, misleading, or harmful content.
9		<b>B.</b> Guardians shall have the right to access, review, and delete the information of
10		adolescent users collected by social media platforms at any time.
11	SECTION 3.	The Federal Communications Commission shall oversee full enforcement of the above
12		sections.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
14		are hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Implement Regulations on Ghost Guns

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government will require the sellers of ghost guns to track their
3		sales and report the sales to the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record.
4	SECTION 2.	A "Ghost Gun" is defined as serialized firearms that can be bought online and assembled as
5		home.
6	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms (ATF) will see implementation of this bill.
7		Any seller not compliant will be fined \$800 per untracked firearm piece.
8		Any firearm sold without a serial number will be charged with the sale of an unserialized
9		firearm with a minimum of five years in jail and \$2000 fine.
10	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
11		hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Include Preschool as a Part of Public Education to Increase Access to Early Childhood Development

1	BE II ENACI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HEKE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	This bill will officially include preschool as a part of public education allowing further
3		accessibility of preschool for children.
4	SECTION 2.	Preschool will be defined as an early childhood program in which children combine learning
5		with play and have an emphasis in learning and development. We define public education
6		as education in schools provided by the government.
7		<b>A.</b> The goal of this bill is to allow a focus in childhood development that seeks to alleviate
8		monetary stress from parents while providing a safe educational space for children.
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education will be in charge of overseeing the implementation of this
10		bill.
11		<b>A.</b> Should any issues arise from the implementation of this bill the proper corrections will
12		be overseen by the Department of Education and Department of Justice.
13		<b>B.</b> Any monetary support that may need to be implemented for this bill will be taken from
14		the Department of Defense on a yearly basis that will be decided within the next year
15		during further committee meetings related to this bill.
16	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
17		hereby declared null and void.



# A Bill to Provide the Cherokee Nation with a Voting House Member

1	BE II ENACI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall honor the Treaty of New Echota and establish a permanent voting
3		delegate seat for the Cherokee Nation.
4	SECTION 2.	This bill shall permanently increase the number of voting house members from 435 to 436,
5		thus invalidating the Reapportionment Act of 1929, and introducing a new congressional
6		member cap of 436.
7	SECTION 3.	Eligibility for this position requires that all individuals seeking this office fulfill
8		Constitutional requirements for house election, be an established member of Cherokee
9		Nation and reside in the modern-day Cherokee Nation Reservation in Northeastern
10		Oklahoma
11		A. This congressional seat shall be democratically elected by individuals who are members
12		of Cherokee Nation, and likewise fulfill any and all voter requirements imposed by
13		Cherokee Nation, and the federal government.
14		B. All voter precincts containing members of the Cherokee Nation shall have to provide all
15		eligible Cherokee Nation voters proper access to ballots in primary and general
16		elections, to elect their Cherokee congressional candidates and representative.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall provide for national Cherokee Nation elections and subsequent
18		representation for the 120th Congress, and all congresses thereafter. All laws in conflict
19		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



## **Science for the Future Act**

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	\$100 million shall be allocated to the Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Science for the
3		purposes of the following:
4		A. The DOE Office of Science shall continue to leverage U.S. participation in the Large
5		Hadron Collider and prioritize expanding international partnerships and investments in
6		the Long-Baseline Neutrino Facility and Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment.
7		<b>B.</b> DOE shall support the construction of a Facility for Rare Isotope Beams to advance the
8		understanding of rare nuclear isotopes and the evolution of the cosmos.
9		<b>C.</b> DOE shall establish within the Office of Science, a cross-cutting research initiative to
10		leverage the federal government's innovative analytical resources and tools, user
11		facilities, and advanced computational and networking capabilities to prevent, prepare
12		for, and respond to emerging infectious diseases, including COVID-19.
13		<b>D.</b> DOE may not carry out gain-of-function research of concern.
14	SECTION 2.	A nonpartisan commission of scientific experts will oversee the implementation of this
15		legislation.
16		A. If any programs are deemed to have failed at their stated goals after five years, funding
17		may be reallocated to other DOE programs.
18	SECTION 3.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
19		hereby declared null and void.



# **Sustainable Fishing Act**

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	To conserve rapidly depleting fish this will conserve fish in the world while keeping the
3		businesses profitable.
4	SECTION 2.	Conservation shall be defined as the prevention of wasteful use of resources. Sustainable
5		shall be defined as able to be maintained at a certain rate and level.
6	SECTION 3.	Upon the signage of this Act into law, fishing restrictions shall be put in place and the
7		following funding will be allocated to the Department of Commerce and the National
8		Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).
9		A. A national database of known natural fish breeding areas shall be established by the
10		NOAA.
11		<b>B.</b> Fishing will hereby be banned from all designated natural breeding areas. Any violator
12		will face fines of up to \$1 million and three years in prison.
13		C. Fishing will be banned within 10 miles of these areas for a minimum of three years and
14		until the NOAA deems fishing within those ten miles is now sustainable. Any violator
15		will face fines of up to \$1 million and three years in prison.
16		<b>D.</b> Fisheries will be fully reimbursed for all profit losses for three years.
17		<b>E.</b> Sustainable fishing Experts from across the world will be hired by the government.
18		They will be sent out across the country to advise fisheries on sustainable yet profitable
19		fishing practices. Their services will be free of charge to these fisheries.
20		F. The NOAA, and the Department of Commerce, shall be provided \$100 million yearly for
21		enforcement of this legislation.
22		<b>G.</b> All funding necessary for this bill will come from a \$0.01 tax on every gallon of water
23		pumped by large corporations who have profits of over \$5 million yearly.
24	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
25		are hereby declared null and void.



# The Agricultural Ultimatum for Reform Act (AURA) of 2023

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) shall divest from pre-existing and
3		future agricultural subsidies toward large agricultural corporations and commercial farms
4		by 50% for each stipulation that goes unmet by the end of fiscal year 2023.
5		A. STIPULATION A: The use of pesticides shall be eradicated.
6		B. STIPULATION B: Regenerative agriculture will replace current tilling and plowing
7		practices.
8		All current subsidies will be redirected toward small farms if both stipulations are unmet by
9		large farms. If large farms only meet one stipulation, 50% of funding will be cut.
10	SECTION 2.	Large farms and agricultural corporations, for the purposes of this legislation, will be
11		defined as grossing \$350,000 minimum in income yearly whereas small farms will be
12		defined as grossing less than \$350,000 minimum in income yearly.
13	SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) will be tasked with the oversight and
14		enforcement of this legislation.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect June 1, 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
16		hereby declared null and void.



## **The Families Matter Act**

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All citizens of the United States of America who are employed in the United States or who
3		are employed overseas by the United States federal government are entitled to 12 weeks
4		of paid family leave.
5	SECTION 2.	Paid family leave can be described as leave taken for (1) the birth of a child, (2) the
6		adoption or foster care of a child, and (3) the care of an immediate family member with a
7		serious health condition that will be paid for by the federal government.
8	SECTION 3.	This bill would be overseen by the Department of Labor. The funding from this bill will be
9		\$350 billion taken from the current U.S. military budget. This budget will be for the years
10		2025 to 2035. All funding after the 10-year program will be decided further by congress
11		after the 2035 funding date.
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the beginning of 2025 fiscal year.
13	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.





# 2023 HIGH SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

# HOUSE SEMIFINAL ROUND LEGISLATION



# A Bill to Ban Noncompete Clauses from Employment Contracts

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Employers may no longer require their employees to sign noncompete agreements.
3	SECTION 2.	A noncompete agreement will be defined as a contract that prohibits an employee from
4		$competing \ with \ their \ former \ employer/business \ directly \ or \ indirectly \ for \ a \ specific \ duration$
5		of time after their employment has ended.
6	SECTION 3.	The Department of Labor and the Federal Trade Commission will work together to oversee
7		the implementation of this legislation and ensure that all businesses and employees are
8		abiding by the requirements.
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
10		are hereby declared null and void.



#### **A Bill to Extend Internet Access**

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The Internet Service Agency (ISA), a new independent agency that provides ISP services,
3		will be formed to provide internet services to rural areas lacking internet access.
4	SECTION 2.	ISP stands for Internet Service Provider. ISPs provide customers the opportunity to pay a
5		reasonable fee for access to the World Wide Web.
6	SECTION 3.	Congress shall oversee the implementation and enforcement of this piece of legislation.
7		A. The ISA shall receive an initial budget of \$50 billion USD.
8		a. \$10 billion USD will be used for the formation of the agency: constructing buildings
9		hiring management, and hiring miscellaneous personnel.
10		<b>b.</b> \$40 billion USD will be used for the construction and maintenance of the network
11		infrastructure.
12		<b>B.</b> The ISA will charge a base price of \$30 USD every month per household for internet
13		access.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
15		hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Privatize the United States Postal Service

1	BE IT ENACT	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	nited States Postal Service (USPS) shall attempt to become a privatized	entity.
3	SECTION 2.	e passage of this bill will open a 180-day bid submission period followe	d by a 90-day
4		blic comment period. All bid submissions must include the following:	
5		a plan to retain not less than 25% of the current United States Postal	Service
6		workforce; and	
7		a plan to provide severance packages to all USPS employees let go be	cause of
8		privatization, which must include not less than six-weeks' pay plus tw	o-weeks' pay for
9		each year of service; and	
10		a plan to continue the current universal service obligation of the USP	S for not less than
11		10 years.	
12	SECTION 3.	e USPS Board of Governors shall review all bids and, at the conclusion of	of the public
13		mment period, make a final selection and present it to Congress for fin	al approval.
14		If there are no bids meeting the requirements in Section 2, the USPS	will not become
15		privatized and Sections 3 B-D will not take effect.	
16		The winning bidder shall receive an annual federal subsidy of \$10 billi	on each year for a
17		total of five years.	
18		The Private Express Statutes (18 U.S.C. § 1693-1696 and 39 U.S.C. 603	L-606) will be
19		repealed.	
20		The Postal Regulatory Commission will continue to exist to enforce le	gal obligations on
21		the privatized USPS.	
22	SECTION 4.	is legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.	
23	SECTION 5.	laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	



# A Resolution to End the Cuban Embargo to Establish Normal Trade Relations

1	WHEREAS,	For 60 years, the United States economic embargo on Cuba has failed to achieve its
2		objectives and has not brought about the desired political change; and
3	WHEREAS,	The embargo has limited access to basic goods for the Cuban people, leading to
4		widespread shortages; and
5	WHEREAS,	The embargo has also prevented U.S. businesses from participating in the Cuban market
6		limiting opportunities for trade and economic growth; and
7	WHEREAS,	The United States has a moral obligation to promote stability and cooperation in its
8		neighborhood; now, therefore, be it
9	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled that the United States shall end its embargo on the
10		Republic of Cuba; and, be it
11	FURTHER RE	<b>ESOLVED,</b> That the United States shall improve its diplomatic relations with Cuba and
12		establish normal trade relations.



# A Resolution to Increase the Use of Safe Injection Sites

1	WHEREAS,	The opioid crisis endangers the lives of tens of thousands every year; and
2	WHEREAS,	Overdose deaths due to opioids like heroin in the U.S. have overall risen from
3		approximately 11,000 deaths per year in 2002 to 71,000 in 2019; and
4	WHEREAS,	Improper intravenous drug use greatly increases the likelihood of transmittable diseases
5		such as HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis B, and Hepatitis C; and
6	WHEREAS,	People who share syringes are 22 times more likely to contract HIV than the general
7		population; and
8	WHEREAS,	In 2010, 53% of the 17,000 new cases of Hepatitis C were attributed to intravenous drug
9		users; and
10	WHEREAS,	Safe injection sites have been proven to decrease overdose deaths from 253 to 165 per
11		100,000 years and the absolute risk difference was 88 deaths per 100,000 years now,
12		therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States federal government mandate that
14		every state be required to establish plans to implement injection sites in order to combat
15		the heroin epidemic and decrease overdose rates in the United States.



# A Resolution to Recognize the Republic of China as an Independent Country

1	WHEREAS,	The Island of Talwah and its associated territories, henceforth referred to as the Republic of
2		China (ROC), has been and continues to be a separate and independent country from the
3		People's Republic of China; and
4	WHEREAS,	The failure to recognize the Republic of China as an independent country has weakened its
5		sovereignty, hampered its defensive capabilities, and reduced its presence on the global
6		stage; and
7	WHEREAS,	The Republic of China remains a key U.S. ally, maintains a vibrant democracy, and forms
8		arguably the most critical component of the United States' Chinese containment strategy;
9		and
10	WHEREAS,	The U.S. policy of "strategic ambiguity" towards the defense of the Republic of China has
11		been increasingly undermined; and
12	WHEREAS,	Recognition of the ROC as an independent country would resolve these concerns and
13		encourage our allies to rally behind the Republic of China; now, therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled the Republic of China be recognized as a separate and
15		independent country according to a two-China policy; and, be it
16	FURTHER RE	<b>ESOLVED,</b> That the United States formally commit to the defense of the Republic of China in
17		the event of a military conflict between the Republic of China and the People's Republic of
18		China; and, be it
19	FURTHER RE	<b>ESOLVED,</b> That the Taiwan Relations Act of 1979 is declared null and void, and the United
20		States will normalize relations between the ROC and the United States.



## Medical Research is the Public's Domain Act

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All medical research on topics specified by the Department of Health and Human Services
3		(HHS) must be given a tax credit for the cost of said research if the research is placed in the
4		public domain after the passage of this piece of legislation.
5	SECTION 2.	A tax credit is defined as an amount of money that taxpayers can subtract directly from
6		taxes owed to the Federal Government.
7		Public domain shall be defined as the state of belonging or being available to the public as
8		whole, and therefore not subject to copyright.
9	SECTION 3.	The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Department of Health and Human Services
10		(HHS) shall oversee the implementation and enforcement of this piece of legislation.
11		<b>A.</b> The IRS shall only grant tax credits if the research is complete, approved by the HHS,
12		and formally placed in the public domain.
13		<b>B.</b> The HHS shall review all published medical research to approve or disapprove it as
14		within the scope of this legislation.
15		C. The HHS shall receive an increase in funding of \$10 million and the Internal Revenue
16		Service an increase of funding of \$5 billion.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
18		hereby declared null and void.



#### **The National Clean Slate Act of 2023**

1	BE IT ENACT	ED I	BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Re	cords of federal criminal convictions shall be automatically sealed without the need for a
3		cou	urt order when certain conditions are met.
4	SECTION 2.	A s	ealed record is hidden from public view but can still be accessed by law enforcement.
5		Co	nditions for automatic record sealing are as follows:
6		A.	The conviction is a first-time misdemeanor offense. Sex offenses are excluded from this
7			legislation.
8		В.	No less than five years have passed since the date of conviction.
9		c.	The offender has completed all court-ordered obligations associated with their
10			sentence, including imprisonment, probation, or supervised release.
11		D.	The offender has not accrued any additional criminal convictions since the initial
12			conviction.
13	SECTION 3.	The	e Department of Justice (DOJ) and the Administrative Office of the United States Courts
<b>L</b> 4		sha	all enforce this legislation.
15		A.	All states are required to have automatic record sealing in place no later than two years
16			after this legislation takes effect.
17		B.	The DOJ shall work in conjunction with state legislatures to develop and enact clean
18			slate laws in the context of state-level criminal statutes.
19		C.	States not compliant with Section 3A will have 20% of their highway funding withheld
20			for each fiscal year of noncompliance.
21	SECTION 4.	Thi	s legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2024.
22	SECTION 5.	All	laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.





### 2023 HIGH SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

## SENATE FINAL ROUND LEGISLATION



# A Bill to Establish Independent Redistricting Commission to Abolish Gerrymandering

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States hereby establishes Independent Redistricting Commission in each of the
3		50 states to redraw congressional district lines every 10 years following the U.S. Census
4		Demographic shift. The Independent Redistricting Commission will be created by the state
5	SECTION 2.	A. Independent Redistricting Commission will have its members selected to reflect the
6		state's geographical, racial, gender, and political diversity. The commission would
7		require 12 members, with four chosen from the two major parties respectively and
8		four independents. Any map will have to pass with eight members in favor of the map
9		to pass.
10		<b>B.</b> Each state will create its own independent redistricting commission. State legislatures
11		shall only reject the district map if they are found to violate the state Constitution or
12		the Constitution of the United States.
13		<b>C.</b> The independent commission will be established every ten years according to the U.S.
14		Census demographic survey.
15		D.  In the case that these maps violate the constitution, redistricting process will be done
16		repeatedly until a map is approved.
17	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission will work alongside states to implement this bill. The
18		Federal Election Commission will intervene if it's observed that there exist any
19		discrepancies in any of the terms listed above.
20	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
21		are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Integrate Social Work Professionals into Emergency Service Response Protocol

1	BE II ENACI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	State police agencies within the United States and the District of Columbia shall begin
3		staffing social workers to respond adjunctly with first responder professionals in cases
4		where social work expertise may be needed. This includes but is not limited to domestic
5		abuse or mental health crises. Social workers will also collaborate with detectives in cases
6		where deemed necessary.
7	SECTION 2.	Social workers shall be defined as professionals trained at a minimum in mental and
8		emotional health crisis intervention, social welfare practice, conflict resolution, domestic
9		violence crimes, abuse crimes, and neglect.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation and enforcement of this bill.
11		The Department of Justice will litigate against all states found in violation of this Act.
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect six (6) months after passage. All laws in conflict with this
13		legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Redistribute Subsidies to Reverse Emissions

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The	e United States shall reinforce its dedication toward ending subsidies to fossil fuel
3		cor	porations.
4		A.	The United States will phase out subsidies by incrementally decreasing subsidies by
5			10% of the original amount allocated to companies every year.
6		В.	Funds recovered from subsidies will be accumulated into a fund to provide grants to
7			private companies that submit formal proposals to create negative emissions
8			technologies.
9	SECTION 2.	The	e following definitions apply:
10		A.	Subsidies will be defined as any form of financial benefit, whether direct payments or
11			tax exemptions, to incentivize business production or expansion.
12		В.	Fossil fuel corporations will be defined as any company engaged in the production,
13			manufacturing, or sale of any non-renewable form of energy, including coal, natural
14			gas, crude oil, petroleum products, and more.
15		C.	Negative emissions technologies will be defined as mechanisms for the absorption and
16			storage of atmospheric greenhouse gases.
17	SECTION 3.	The	e U.S. Department of Energy and Environmental Protection Agency shall be responsible
18		for	the implementation of this legislation.
19		A.	The Department of Energy will be tasked with the responsibility of ending fossil fuel
20			subsidies by 2035.
21		В.	The Environmental Protection Agency will be tasked with the responsibility of
22			approving applications for funding from private companies.
23	SECTION 4.	Thi	is legislation will take effect on August 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
24		hei	reby declared null and void.



### A Bill to Require First Responders to Carry Naloxone

1	BE II ENACI	FD R	Y THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All f	irst responders are hereby required by law to carry naloxone when on duty and to use
3		it w	hen medically indicated—i.e., they encounter a person who has overdosed.
4		Dep	partments shall be required to host semiannual training on how to use naloxone.
5	SECTION 2.	"Na	loxone" shall be defined as a synthetic drug that blocks opioid receptors in the nervous
6		syst	em used to treat narcotic overdose. A "first responder" shall be defined as someone
7		trair	ned to respond to an emergency, including but not limited to police officers,
8		firef	fighters, and paramedics.
9	SECTION 3.	The	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and departments will be responsible
10		for t	the enforcement of this bill.
11		<b>A.</b> A	Any first responder found in violation of this bill will be fined \$500 per infraction.
12		<b>B.</b> A	Any department in violation of this bill will have their funding reduced by 10% until they
13		c	comply.
14		<b>C.</b> F	Funding for this bill will come from a 2% tax on pharmaceutical companies.
15	SECTION 4.	This	legislation will take effect immediately after passage. All laws in conflict with this
16		legis	slation are hereby declared null and void.



### A Resolution to End Qualified Immunity

1	WHEREAS,	Qualified immunity is a legal doctrine that protects law enforcement officers from being
2		sued in their personal capacity or being held personally liable for violations of the
3		Constitution; and
4	WHEREAS,	Qualified immunity permits government officials and law enforcement to violate people's
5		constitutional rights and deprive people of their civil rights with little to no legal recourse;
6		and
7	WHEREAS,	Qualified immunity makes it nearly impossible for victims of abuse or civil rights violations
8		performed by law enforcement to prosecute the officer in a court of law; and
9	WHEREAS,	Qualified immunity is often used to dismiss police brutality cases, particularly against
10		people of color; now, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States pass the Ending Qualified Immunity
12		Act in order to provide for accountability when public officials violate Americans'
13		constitutional rights.





### 2023 HIGH SCHOOL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION

### HOUSE FINAL ROUND LEGISLATION



#### A Bill to Allow States to Sponsor Visas for Any Reason

1	BE II ENACI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Individual states will be allowed to sponsor temporary visas for migrants for any reason.
3	SECTION 2.	A system will be established for states to establish specific criteria for migrants they wish to
4		sponsor. Each state will base their criteria on the needs of their economy and government
5		institutions.
6	SECTION 3.	When states wish to sponsor a migrant that meets their criteria, the federal government
7		will conduct a customary background check. After a prospective migrant is approved and
8		arrives in their state, they will be required to work in that state unless that state permits
9		working elsewhere. Migrants will also only be allowed to work until their visa expires,
10		unless their state renews it.
11	SECTION 4.	Migrants under this program will be permitted to apply for permanent residence (Green
12		Card) in the United States after eight years of compliance with their state's rules. This will
13		allow them to seek citizenship after five years with permanent residence.
14	SECTION 5.	State-sponsored migrants will be eligible to receive Social Security benefits. However, they
15		will not be eligible to receive other federal benefits.
16	SECTION 6.	The Department of Homeland Security will be responsible for the implementation of this
17		legislation.
18	SECTION 7.	This legislation will take effect in FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
19		declared null and void.



### A Bill to Enhance Aid in The Northern Triangle

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	An additional, cumulative \$50 billion shall be allocated to aid and foreign direct investment	
3		in the Northern Triangle to bolster economic and social opportunity.	
4		A. At least 50% of the aid will be used to expand the Central America Regional Security	
5		Initiative (CARSI) and its humanitarian efforts.	
6		<b>B.</b> The remaining funds (after the allocation detailed in section 1 A) shall be allocated to	
7		foreign direct investment.	
8	SECTION 2.	Humanitarian efforts shall be defined as (but not limited to) the development of economic	
9		and social opportunity in the Northern Triangle (e.g., the creation and investment in	
10		hospitals, schools, and small businesses) with the ultimate goal of alleviating poverty and	
11		decreasing violence. Foreign direct investment shall be defined as aid carried out utilizing	
12		local non-governmental organizations (NGOs) in the region that have been approved by the	
13		Department of State (DOS). Aid shall be allocated via the discretion of the implementing	
14		body with the oversight of the DOS.	
15	SECTION 3.	The Department of State (DOS) shall be tasked with the implementation of this legislation.	
16		The DOS will do an evaluation and audit regarding the efficacy of aid in poverty reduction	
17		and violence reduction. Funding allocation will come out of the Department of Defense	
18		budget.	
19	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year. All laws in conflict	
20		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	



#### A Bill to Establish Standards for Police Training

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The	e following requirements shall be met before a police cadet may graduate from police
3		aca	demy.
4		A.	The cadet must have obtained a bachelor's degree from a four-year public or private
5			university.
6		В.	The cadet must spend two years or more studying at a police academy.
7		C.	The cadet must have received all necessary local, state, and federal authorization or
8			certification to wield a firearm as a private individual.
9		D.	The cadet must not have been convicted with any felonies or violent crimes. Any police
10			officer who is convicted of a felony or violent crime will have their degree from police
11			academy permanently and irrevocably revoked.
12	SECTION 2.	Pol	ice academy shall be defined as a training school that trains and certifies prospective
13		cad	lets as law enforcement officers.
14		A la	aw enforcement officer is defined as a public-sector employee whose duties primarily
15		incl	lude the enforcement of laws, and who may have the authority to detain, apprehend,
16		arre	est, and prosecute valid suspects.
17	SECTION 3.	The	United States Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation of this bill.
18	SECTION 4.	This	s bill shall come into effect at the start of fiscal year 2024.
19	SECTION 5.	All	laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



#### A Bill to Lower Tariffs on Insulin

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. That the Congress of the United States lower tariffs on imported insulin from 2% to 0.5%
- 3 **SECTION 2**. This act will be implemented over a course of five years with a 0.3% tariff reduction per year beginning January 1, 2024.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** The United States Customs and Border Protection will enforce this legislation.
- 6 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation
- 7 are hereby declared null and void.



## A Bill to Standardize Federal Student Loan Interest to Make College Affordable and Accessible

1	BE II ENACI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	At the start of every fiscal year, all Federal Student Loans will be assigned a fixed and non-
3		compounding interest rate of no more than 2% of the principal amount borrowed.
4	SECTION 2.	A Federal Student Loan is defined as any loan lent by the Federal Government for the
5		purpose of paying for higher education. These include, but are not limited to, subsidized
6		loans, unsubsidized loans, Stafford loans, and parent PLUS loans.
7		A. The newly revised Federal Student Loan interest model will be solely limited to simple
8		interest calculation methods.
9	SECTION 3.	This Act will be adjunctly implemented and enforced by the Department of Education, the
10		Ombudsman Group, and the Internal Review Service (IRS). Implementation will not require
11		appropriation of any funds.
12		<b>B.</b> The IRS will revise the Federal Tax Code as needed to accommodate interest-related
13		rebates.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the beginning of the 2025 fiscal year. All laws in conflict
15		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.