

In 2021-2022, student members were given the opportunity to submit legislation to be considered for use during this year's National Tournament. The legislation in this packet was authored by student members and, as a result, its content has not been edited. Legislation will not be tied to its author at the National Tournament; no authorship speeches will be given.

HIGH SCHOOL ONLINE SUPPLEMENTAL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

2022 LEGISLATIVE DOCKET

ONLINE | JUNE 2-4, 2022





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HIGH SCHOOL ONLINE SUPPLEMENTAL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

2022 PRELIMINARY ROUND LEGISLATION



A Bill to Implement Basic Banking Services in Post Office

A Bill to Implement Basic Banking Services in Post Office

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. The United States government will provide \$1 billion to all post offices in
- 3 the United States to offer postal banking services.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Postal banking services include, but not limited to, services include check
- 5 cashing, bill paying, ATM access, expanded and improved money orders,
- 6 and expanded wire transfers.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** The Postal Regulatory Commission will oversee this legislation and the
- 8 U.S. Department of Treasury will fund this legislation.
- 9 **SECTION 4.** This law will go into effect in fiscal year 2023. All laws in conflict with this
- 10 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Eradicate Chemical and Nuclear Capabilities

A Bill to Eradicate Chemical and Nuclear Capabilities

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will dispose of all chemical and nuclear weapons currently in our possession. 3 "Nuclear weapons" are defined as munitions or devices specifically 4 **SECTION 2.** 5 designed to inflict harm or cause death through the energy harnessed by 6 the splitting of atomic nuclei. 7 **SECTION 3.** "Chemical weapons" are defined as munitions or devices specifically designed to inflict harm or cause death through the release of toxic or 8 9 otherwise hazardous chemicals. 10 **SECTION 4.** The Department of Defense shall oversee the disposal of all chemical 11 weapons within two years of the legislation's implementation and the 12 disposal of all nuclear weapons within five years of the legislation's 13 implementation. 14 **SECTION 5.** This legislation will go into effect at the start of the fiscal year 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. 15

A Bill to Stop Student Surveillance

A Bill to Stop Student Surveillance

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** The United States of America will outlaw the usage of student
- 3 surveillance technology.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Student surveillance technology is defined as software that may track
- 5 location, record screens, and/or otherwise monitor, store, and/or record
- 6 activities on school-issued hardware.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** All usage of student surveillance technology within the United States will
- 8 be banned. If student surveillance technology is discovered to be used,
- 9 the school district responsible shall be fined \$2,000. The Department of
- 10 Education shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect June 30, 2023. All laws in conflict with this
- 12 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Abolish Congress and Establish a Party-Proportional Legislative Chamber (page 1 of 2)

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Abolish Congress and Establish a Party-Proportional Legislative Chamber

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled that the following article is
2		proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
3		which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution
4		when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states
5		within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:
6		ARTICLE
7	SECTION 1.	Congress, which consists of the Senate and House of Representatives, is
8		hereby dissolved.
9	SECTION 2.	In replace of Congress, a Party-Proportional Legislative Chamber that
10		consists of 500 elected delegate seats will be established.
11		A. When casting ballots, citizens of the United States of America will
12		vote for a single party or individual candidate running as an
13		independent.
14		B. Each state shall have 10 delegates that are to be distributed
15		proportionally based on election results.
16		C. The largest remainder formula will be used to find how many seats go
17		to each party or candidate.
18		D. Each party running in the election must specify 10 potential
19		delegates.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Abolish Congress and Establish a Party-Proportional Legislative Chamber (page 2 of 2)

20		E. The party must fix the order in which the delegates are listed and
21		elected. Winning delegates must be selected in the exact order that
22		appeared on the presented ballot.
23		F. If an independent candidate wins more than one seat, they shall
24		occupy all of the seats allocated to them.
25	SECTION 3.	The Party Proportional Legislative Chamber will assume all Congressional
26		responsibilities.
27	SECTION 4.	The Party Proportional Legislative Chamber shall have power to enforce
28		this article by appropriate legislation.

A Bill to Subsidize Energy Harvesting from Outer Space

A Bill to Subsidize Energy Harvesting from Outer Space

ı	BEILENACIE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Any corporation that produces the technology to harvest energy from
3		outer space in any capacity and implement it in our solar system is
4		eligible for a corporate income tax deduction.
5	SECTION 2.	The following definitions apply:
6		A. "Corporation" is defined as a company or group of people authorized
7		to act as a single entity (legally a person) and recognized as such in
8		law, private or public.
9		B. "Technology to harvest energy from outer space" shall be defined as
10		any method of obtaining usable energy from outer space, examples
11		include solar paneling or any other method deemed fit by the
12		agencies below.
13	SECTION 3.	NASA and the IRS will be in charge of enforcing this legislation.
14		A. NASA will be responsible for deeming a method of energy harvesting
15		from outer space successful and give approval to a business to
16		continue usage.
17		B. The IRS will be in charge of distributing said tax deductions of 8% of
18		the established corporate income tax.
19	SECTION 4.	This legislation will go into effect upon passage. All laws in conflict with
20		this legislation are hereby declared null and void

The Reconciliation Act (page 1 of 2)

The Reconciliation Act

ı	BE II ENACIE	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States of America shall evacuate all willing citizens as well as
3		Legal Permanent Residents of the United States from the Islamic Emirate
4		of Afghanistan.
5	SECTION 2.	Citizens are defined as any citizen of the United States of America.
6		Legal permanent residents are defined as a non-citizen who has been
7		granted authorization to live and work in the United States on a
8		permanent basis.
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of State and the Department of Defense shall operate
10		jointly in the implementation of this legislation.
11		A. The Department of State shall pursue all effective diplomatic means
12		of egress.
13		B. The Department of Defense shall intervene with whatever force
14		deemed necessary to protect the lives of American citizens and legal
15		permanent residents.
16		C. Upon passage of this legislation President Joseph R. Biden Jr. as well
17		as his successors are authorized by the Congress here assembled to
18		use military force bar official declarations of war in the collection and
19		enforcement of this legislation.
20	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall go into effect immediately upon passage while the

The Reconciliation Act (page 2 of 2)

21	authorization of military force shall expire when all relevant persons
22	affected by this legislation are successfully removed. All laws in conflict
23	with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Decriminalize All Drugs and Establish Comprehensive Treatment Facilities (page 1 of 2)

A Bill to Decriminalize All Drugs and Establish Comprehensive Treatment Facilities

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States government shall decriminalize all drugs and treat
3		addiction as a public health crisis.
4	SECTION 2.	Decriminalization of all drugs shall be defined as the removal of criminal
5		penalties for drug law violations. Comprehensive treatment facilities shal
6		be defined as a facility established to help reduce drug addiction and
7		improve safety.
8	SECTION 3.	The Drug Enforcement Agency, U.S. Department of Education, and U.S.
9		Department of Health and Human Services will be in charge of enforcing
10		this legislation.
11		A. All offenders currently in jail for drug related offenses are mandated
12		to undergo a minimum of three months of drug rehabilitation,
13		following the construction of treatment facilities. Any offender that
14		can prove abstinence from drugs in four consecutive weekly tests will
15		receive parole.
16		B. \$15 billion shall be allocated to set up comprehensive treatment
17		facilities with medical and logistical resources.
18		C. \$500 million will be spent on educating the public about the dangers
19		of drugs.

A Bill to Decriminalize All Drugs and Establish Comprehensive Treatment Facilities (page 2 of 2)

A Bill to Restructure The Mérida Initiative

A Bill to Restructure The Mérida Initiative

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. The United States will allocate one billion dollars every year for the next
- decade to counter-narcotics and development within Mexico.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Counter-narcotics will be spearheaded by drug interdiction through
- 5 greater collaboration between the U.S. Coast Guard and Mexican Navy
- 6 with increased targeting for smuggling networks. Economic development
- 7 will be defined as aid packages to develop agricultural industries and
- 8 business development for cartel-ridden areas.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of State, in collaboration with the Department of
- 10 Defense and USAID, will enforce this legislation.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect in fiscal year 2022. All laws in conflict
- with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Regard the Death Penalty as Cruel and Unusual Punishment

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Regard the Death Penalty as Cruel and Unusual Punishment

1 RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled that the following article is 2 proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, 3 which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution 4 when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states 5 within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress: 6 ARTICLE --7 **SECTION 1.** The death penalty, defined as the killing of a person by law enforcement 8 as a punishment for a given crime, shall be banned. Violation of this 9 amendment shall be considered "cruel and unusual punishment," as 10 prohibited by the 8th Amendment of the United States Constitution. 11 **SECTION 2.** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate 12 legislation.

A Bill to Instate a National Spoil Date to Reduce Wasted Food (page 1 of 2)

A Bill to Instate a National Spoil Date to Reduce Wasted Food

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 2 **SECTION 1.** The Federal Government will regulate a federal Spoil Date with its own 3 regulations and rules. **SECTION 2.** The following definitions will apply: 4 A. Meat will be defined as Beef, Lamb, Pork, Chicken, Poultry, Egg 5 6 products, and other products that the Department of Agriculture has 7 jurisdiction over. 8 **B.** Spoiled will be defined as harmful to consume. **C.** Best by Date will be defined as any variation of Best by, Use by, Sell 9 by, etc. that the manufacturer places. 10 11 **SECTION 3.** A date will be added to all food and drink products that states when the 12 food would be spoiled. The manufacturer will still be allowed to add a 13 Best by Date but must add a federal Spoil Date. Rules and Regulation requiring products to be thrown out after the Best by Date will be moved 14 15 to the federal Spoil Date unless they can prove that it has spoiled before then. The date that will be mandated will come from tests that the 16 17 manufacturer has already performed, or if they do not have any tests or are not willing to perform any tests, the Food and Drug Administration 18

will perform tests at the manufacturers cost.

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A Bill to Instate a National Spoil Date to Reduce Wasted Food (page 2 of 2)

20	SECTION 4.	The United States Department of Agriculture will oversee this legislation
21		for meat products, and the Food and Drug Administration will oversee
22		this legislation for other foods and drinks.
23		A. Funding will be provided by the Department of Agriculture and the
24		Food and Drug Administration.
25		B. The Department of Agriculture and the Food and Drug Administration
26		will determine when the product has spoiled drastically changes
27		flavor.
28		C. If any manufacturer is not in compliance with this bill, they will be
29		charged 5% of their annual profit.
30	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2030. All laws in conflict with this
31		legislation are hereby declared null and void.



HIGH SCHOOL ONLINE SUPPLEMENTAL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

2022 SEMIFINAL ROUND LEGISLATION



A Bill to Establish Federal Cryptocurrency Banking

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A Bill to Establish Federal Cryptocurrency Banking

2 **SECTION 1.** Commercial Banking Institutions will use cryptocurrency as an additional

3 form of legal tender acceptable in FDIC insured accounts.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 2. Cryptocurrency is defined as representations of United States currency or

synthetic derivatives resting on a blockchain or decentralized

cryptographic ledger. Commercial Banking Institutions are defined as

organizations that offer checking accounts, direct deposits, business, and

personal loans, as well as savings vehicles

SECTION 3. The U.S. Department of the Treasury shall oversee the implantation of

this legislation. The Commodity Futures Trading Commission shall require

any Commercial Banking Institution trading in crypto commodities to

register with the Commission and shall maintain a public list of all such

banks. For Banking Institutions to be eligible to offer cryptocurrencies,

they must have a minimum of FIPS level 4 cybersecurity.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with

this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Expand Educational Equality (EEE)

A Resolution to Expand Educational Equality (EEE)

1	WHEREAS,	Millions of students attend American colleges and universities each year;
2		and
3	WHEREAS,	The cost of higher education is rising at an unprecedented rate; and
4	WHEREAS,	Students of all income levels can no longer rely on private universities to
5		provide them with affordable education opportunities; and
6	WHEREAS,	The cost of attendance for many universities, both public and private, can
7		be extremely difficult to calculate, leading to poor financial decisions; and
8	WHEREAS,	Automatic merit-based scholarships for public universities have been
9		implemented in certain states, using a number of objective educational
10		students, including but not limited to: GPA, SAT/ACT scores, and
11		community service hours; and
12	WHEREAS,	Such programs have led to an increase in positive financial and
13		educational outcomes for minority and low-income students; now,
14		therefore be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the U.S. Federal Government, in
16		conjunction with the U.S. Department of Education, work with state
17		governments to establish and fund automatic merit-based scholarships
18		for public colleges and universities.

A Bill to Protect Our Allies' Energy Independence from Russian Aggression

A Bill to Protect Our Allies' Energy Independence from Russian Aggression

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	The United States Government shall appropriate \$75 billion dollars
3		toward ending our European NATO Allies' and Ukraine's energy
4		dependence on Russia by providing alternative energy methods. \$50
5		billion of this funding shall be specifically earmarked for green energy
6		technology exports, while the allocation of the remaining \$25 billion shall
7		be left to the discretion of the Department of Energy.
8	SECTION 2.	"Alternative energy methods" shall include, but is not limited to, "green
9		energy technology exports and natural gas exports." "Green energy
LO		technology" is hereby defined as "wind, hydroelectric, large-scale
l1		battery, solar, and geothermal energy technology, manufactured and
12		produced in the United States."
13	SECTION 3.	This bill shall be enforced by the Department of Energy, with assistance
L4		from the Department of Commerce. Enforcement shall be overseen by
15		the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.
L 6	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in
L 7		conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Establish an Independent Article I Immigration Court to Ameliorate Mass Backlog

A Bill to Establish an Independent Article I Immigration Court to Ameliorate Mass Backlog

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All immigration courts are to be transitioned from the purview of the
3		Executive Office for Immigration Review to its own an Article I court.
4	SECTION 2.	Within this newly created Article I Immigration Court system, immigrants
5		will be ensured the right to a fair and speedy trial by jury, the
6		presumption that they are innocent until proven guilty, an interpreter,
7		and legal representation through a legal counsel.
8	SECTION 3.	Congress is to oversee the establishment and transition of Immigration
9		Courts to an Article I tribunal.
10		A. Congress will oversee appointing appeals court judges OR establishing
11		a bipartisan committee to do so.
12		B. The Department of Justice will oversee and enforce the protection of
13		immigrants to the same Constitutional guarantees in court as exist
14		elsewhere. The Department of Justice reserves the right to
15		investigate any courts they feel may have violated this establishment.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on October 1, 2022. All laws in conflict
17		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

The Consumer Bankruptcy Reform Act of 2022

The Consumer Bankruptcy Reform Act of 2022

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The U.S. Federal Government will hereby end the Chapter 13 Bankruptcy
3		filing program and remove credit counseling programs as a requirement
4		in bankruptcy filing procedures.
5	SECTION 2.	The following definitions apply:
6		A. "Chapter 13 Bankruptcy" will be defined as a bankruptcy filing
7		program as outlined in the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure.
8		B. "Credit counseling programs" will be defined as done by the
9		Bankruptcy Abuse Prevention and Consumer Protection Act (BAPCPA)
LO		of 2005.
l1	SECTION 3.	The United State Bankruptcy Court will be responsible for the enactment
L2		of this legislation:
L3		A. The Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure will be altered to no
L4		longer have Chapter 13 Bankruptcy as an option for filing.
L5		B. The maximum disposable income eligibility ceiling of \$136 per month
L6		to file for Chapter 7 bankruptcy will be abolished.
L7		C. Section 106(a) of the BAPCPA shall hereby be repealed to remove
L8		credit counseling programs as a necessity for bankruptcy filings.
L9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will be implemented fiscal year 2024. All laws in conflict
20		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



HIGH SCHOOL ONLINE SUPPLEMENTAL CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

2022 FINAL ROUND LEGISLATION



An Act to Declassify Confidential Intelligence to Promote Broader Freedom of Information (page 1 of 2)

An Act to Declassify Confidential Intelligence to Promote Broader Freedom of Information

1	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Executive Order 13526 shall be amended by the following:
3		A. The default declassification time frame shall be changed from 10
4		years to 5 years.
5		B. Classifications beyond 75 years shall no longer require special
6		permission but instead follow the same procedure as classifications at
7		50 years.
8	SECTION 2.	Confidential intelligence refers to the category of national security
9		information or material which requires protection, but not to the degree
10		of Top Secret and Secret intelligence. The test for assigning Confidential
11		classification shall be whether its unauthorized disclosure could
12		reasonably be expected to cause damage to the national security.
13		A. Documents will be classified according to their own content and not
14		necessarily according to their relationship to other documents.
15	SECTION 3.	The Director of the Information Security Oversight Office, under the
16		direction of the Archivist and in consultation with the National Security
17		Advisor, shall oversee the implementation. The National Archives and
18		Records Administration shall house the National Declassification Center

An Act to Declassify Confidential Intelligence to Promote Broader Freedom of Information (page 2 of 2)

19		to coordinate reviews and Information Security Oversight Office to
20		promulgate rules and enforce quality measures across all agencies.
21	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect in fiscal year 2022. All laws in conflict with
22		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Add Congressional Term Limits

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Add Congressional Term Limits

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled that the following article is
2		proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
3		which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution
4		when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states
5		within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:
6		ARTICLE
7	SECTION 1.	Within Congress of the United States of America, Senators will be limited
8		to, at maximum, two terms, and Members of the House of
9		Representatives will be limited to, at maximum, six terms.
10	SECTION 2.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate
11		legislation.

A Bill to Remove Sanctions on North Korea

A Bill to Remove Sanctions on North Korea

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	All economic sanctions imposed on North Korea will be lifted.	
3	SECTION 2.	Economic sanctions will be defined as sanctions that prevent the buying	
4		of goods from North Korea and the selling of goods to North Korea.	
5	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Treasury and The Office of Foreign Assets Control	
6		(OFAC) will be responsible for the enforcement of this legislation.	
7		A. Failure to lift sanctions will result in the deduction of \$1 billion from	
8		the U.S Department of Treasury budget.	
9	SECTION 4.	This bill will be implemented upon passage and will remain in effect until	
10		the end of fiscal year 2023, at which point Congress will vote on whether	
11		or not to extend the sanctions relief for another two fiscal years.	
12		A. At the end of each extension, Congress may continue to vote on	
13		whether or not sanctions should be in place for another two fiscal	
14		years.	
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	

A Resolution to Create State-Based Health Insurance

A Resolution to Create State-Based Health Insurance

1	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	States and municipalities will be granted complete responsibility for their
3		state's own healthcare market and insurance.
4	SECTION 2.	A state-based health insurance program is defined as a program where
5		states and municipalities are responsible for their own healthcare market
6		and providing insurance to their constituents.
7	SECTION 3.	The Health Resources and Services Administration shall oversee the
8		enforcement of this bill.
9		A. Residents of a state shall no longer enroll or apply for insurance
10		through the federal government, but their associated state
11		government.
12		B. States are responsible for creating their own process to regulate their
13		residents' health care marketplace and insurance.
14		C. After five years, an evaluation should be made, and states that
15		properly manage their insurance and marketplace will receive a grant
16		of \$100 million from the Health Resources and Services
17		Administration.
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024.
19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Abolish to Mandatory Minimums

A Bill to Abolish to Mandatory Minimums

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** All mandatory minimum sentencing laws will be abolished.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** Mandatory minimums will be defined as laws that require certain crimes
- 4 to have a minimum prison time.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** Enforcement of this bill will be overseen by the Department of Justice
- 6 A. Courts will no longer be allowed to enforce these minimums.
- 7 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in
- 8 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.